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SECURITY INFORMATION

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The **Journal** is published **Quarterly** in **January, April, July, and October**.
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Barley

January, 1932

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A high-level source in close contact with the French Police.

1. The Rumanian Legion (Iron Guard), a Hitlerian Right-wing movement of Rumanian emigres has had for some time an internal struggle which the Communists have been exploiting, particularly using the numbers who have lost power within the Legion.
2. Source states that a split exists between the partisans of Celesescu and those of Maria Sina. The Celesescists claim that Sina was responsible for the death of their chief, which took place in 1940.
3. Sina became the head of the Legion and his influence became so large that Marshal Antonescu concluded an agreement with him before the Germans arrived in Rumania. At that time this alliance was based on:
 - a. The coronation of King Carol
 - b. Collaboration with Germany. But when Marshal Antonescu desired to take a moderate approach, Sina, supported by the Nazis, broke off with him. After 40 hours of civil war in Bucharest, the rebellion was put down. Sina fled to Germany, where Hitler and his government kept Sina in reserve during the entire war, using him as a threat against Marshal Antonescu.

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4. Source notes that there are three groups in the ultranationalist Romanian emigre group:

- a. The Cotrenisties, who are moderates, and who have not forgiven Rim and his supporters for the 1940 tragedy.
- b. The Rim group, who are violent nationalists and anti-Semites.
- c. The supporters of Marshal Antonescu, who are not all members of the Romanian Legion, but who followed the Marshal during the war and are associated with a policy which led to catastrophe.

5. The representatives of these three groups are numerous in Germany, but they are also strong in France, and some conflicts such as the affair of Busevici and Elin, of the Romanian Church, can only be understood in the framework of the struggles among the regular emigres in France.

6. Below is a list of the leaders of the Cotrenist and Rim groups, as well as Independents of the extreme Right, and the "National Group", so-called because their leader, Popescu, was in Mexico before returning to Europe.

<u>Cotrenisties:</u>	France: Vida	<u>Group of Rim:</u>	France: Strides
	Belgium		Spain: Epantescu
	Spain: Spasito		Austria: Borobara
	Italy: Valimarescu		
<u>Independents:</u>	Spain: Jastinski	<u>"National":</u>	Italy: Popescu, who was formerly in Mexico.
	Armenia		Romania: Busevici
	Coteux		Argentina: Palagita
	Italy: Garmentia		Russia

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